JC20 Rec'd PCT/PTO 13 MAY 2005

Docket No.: 1592-0155PUS1

(PATENT)

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

In re Patent Application of: Masashi NAKAMURA et al.

Application No.: Not Yet Assigned

Confirmation No.: N/A

Filed: May 13, 2005

Art Unit: N/A

For: EPITAXIAL GROWTH METHOD AND SUBSTRATE FOR EPITAXIAL GROWTH

Examiner: Not Yet Assigned

LETTER

Commissioner for Patents P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, VA 22313-1450

Sir:

The PTO is requested to use the amended sheets/claims attached hereto (which correspond to Article 19 amendments or to claims attached to the International Preliminary Examination Report (Article 34)) during prosecution of the above-identified national phase PCT application.

If necessary, the Commissioner is hereby authorized in this, concurrent, and future replies to charge payment or credit any overpayment to Deposit Account No. 02-2448 for any additional fees required under 37.C.F.R. §1.16 or 1.14; particularly, extension of time fees.

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MSW/nl

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Respectfully submitted,

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Attachment(s)

CLAIMS

- 1. An epitaxial growth method comprising: supporting a substrate for growth with a substrate supporter, forming a compound semiconductor layer comprising 3 or 4 elements on the substrate for growth by metal organic chemical vapor deposition, polishing the substrate so that an angle of gradient is 0.00° to 0.03° or 0.04° to 0.24° with respect to (100) direction in an entire effective area of the substrate, and forming the compound semiconductor layer to be $0.5\mu m$ thick or more on the substrate by using the substrate for growth.
- 2. The epitaxial growth method as claimed in claim 1, further comprising: forming a buffer layer on the substrate for growth, and forming the compound semiconductor layer on the buffer layer.
- 3. The epitaxial growth method as claimed in claim 1 or 2, wherein the compound semiconductor layer is a III-V group compound semiconductor layer containing at least As.
- 4. The epitaxial growth method as claimed in claim 3, wherein the compound semiconductor layer is an InGaAs layer or an InAlAs layer.

- 5. The epitaxial growth method as claimed in claim 3 or 4, wherein the substrate for growth is a semiconductor crystal substrate having dislocation density of 5000cm⁻² or less.
- 6. The epitaxial growth method as claimed in claim 5, wherein the substrate for growth is an InP substrate.
- 7. A substrate for epitaxial growth used for an epitaxial growth method in which a compound semiconductor layer comprising 3 or 4 elements is formed on the substrate for growth by metal organic chemical vapor deposition, wherein an angle of gradient is 0.00° to 0.03° or 0.04° to 0.24° with respect to (100) direction in an entire effective area of the substrate.
- 8. The substrate for epitaxial growth as claimed in claim 7, wherein the substrate is a semiconductor crystal substrate having dislocation density of $5000 \, \mathrm{cm}^{-2}$ or less.
- 9. The substrate for epitaxial growth as claimed in claim 7 or 8, wherein the substrate is an InP substrate.